<u>CLAIMS</u>

| | 1 | /l ^r . | A method for detecting an unbound form of a first member of a binding pair, the |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| | 2 3 4 5 6 | | binding pair comprising a first and second member, each member bindable to the |
| | | | other, the method comprising the steps of: |
| | | | (a) providing a first particle bound to the second member; |
| | | | (b) reacting the first particle bound to the second |
| | | | member with a sample, thereby forming a first complex between |
| | 7 | | the second member bound to the first particle and unbound first |
| | 8 | | member present in said sample; |
| | 9 | | (c) providing a second particle bound to a third member, the third |
| | 10 | | member being different from the second member and being |
| | 11 | | capable of binding to the first member; |
| | 12 | | (d) reacting the second particle bound to the third |
| | 13 | | member to the sample, thereby forming a second complex between |
| the that I do not not | 14 | | the third member bound to the second particle and the first |
| } ∓ | 15 | | complex; and |
| | 16 | | (e) detecting any second complex formed. |
| | 1 | 2. | The method of claim 1, wherein the third member is an antibody which |
| | 2 | | specifically binds to the first member. |
| | 1 | 3. | The method of claim 1, wherein the first and/or second particle is latex. |
| | 1 | 1034. | The method of claim 1, wherein the second complex is detected by measuring an 103 |
| | 2 | | increase in the turbidity of the sample. |
| | 1 | 75. | increase in the turbidity of the sample. The method of claim 1, wherein steps (a) through (d) are performed sequentially. The method of claim 1, wherein steps (a) through (d) are performed 103 simultaneously. |
| | 1 | 6. | The method of claim 1, wherein steps (a) through (d) are performed 103 |
| | 2 | | simultaneously. |
| | 1 | 1 7. | The method of claim 1 wherein the amount of second complex formed is |
| | 2 | qu | antitated. |
| | 1 | 8. | The method of claim 1, wherein the first member is protein S. 103 |
| | 1 | 79. | The method of claim 1, wherein the second member is C4b-binding protein 103 |
| | 2 | | (C4BP). |

| 1 | 1 \(\square\)10. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is selected from the group consisting | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | | of blood, plasma, serum, saliva, CSF, urine, culture media, a cell suspension, a | | | | |
| 3 | | buffer and an artificially prepared fluid containing the first member. | | | | |
| 1 | 1 1. The method of claim 1, wherein the second member binds to the first member at a | | | | | |
| 2 | | single binding site. | | | | |
| 1 | 12, | The method of claim 11, wherein the third member binds to the first member at a | | | | |
| 2 | | single binding site which is different from the single binding site to which the | | | | |
| 3 | | second member binds. | | | | |
| 1 | 13. | The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) is performed within 0 to about 180 | | | | |
| 2 | second | | | | | |
| <u>.</u> 1 | 14. | The method of claim 1, wherein the molar ratio of third member to second member is between about 2 and 20. The method of claim 1, wherein the molar ratio of the third member to second member is between about 5 and 10. | | | | |
|] 2] 1 | | member is between about 2 and 20. | | | | |
| | 15. | The method of claim 1, wherein the molar ratio of the third member to second | | | | |
| <u>1</u> 2 | | member is between about 5 and 10. | | | | |
| 2 1 | The method of claim 1, wherein the amount of third member is higher than the | | | | | |
| 2 | | amount of free first member is the sample. | | | | |
| 1 1 2 1 1 | 17. | The method of claim 1, wherein the molar ratio of third member is between about | | | | |
| ± 2 | / | 10 and 40 times the amount of free first member in the sample. | | | | |
| j 1 | 1.8% | A composition for detecting an unbound form of a first member of a binding pair, | | | | |
| <u>.</u> 2 | the | e binding pair comprising a first and second member, each member bindable to the | | | | |
| 3 | otl | ner, the composition comprising: | | | | |
| 4 | | a first particle bound to the second member; | | | | |
| 5 | | a second particle bound to a third member, the third member being different from the second member and capable of binding to the first member at a binding site different from the second member. | | | | |
| 6 | different from the second member and capable of binding to the first | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | |
| 1 | 19. | The composition of claim 18, wherein the first member is protein S and the 103 | | | | |
| 2 | | second member is C4BP. | | | | |
| 1 | 20. | The composition of claim 18, wherein the third member is an antibody and the 103 | | | | |
| 2 | second member is not an antibody. | | | | | |
| 1 24. The composition of claim 18, wherein the second member comprises a s | | The composition of claim 18, wherein the second member comprises a single 18 | | | | |

binding site for the first member.

| 3 | ~22. | The composit | ion of claim 21,wherein the third member binds to the first member 10 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 4 | • | at a single bin | ding site which is different from the single binding site to which the | | | |
| 5 | / | second member binds. | | | | |
| 1 | 1 23. A method for detecting an unbound form of a first member of a binding p | | | | | |
| 2 | | binding pair comprising a first and second member, each member bindable to | | | | |
| 3 | other, | the method comprising the steps of: | | | | |
| 4 | | (a) | providing a first particle bound to the second member; | | | |
| 5 | | (b) | reacting the first particle bound to the second member with a | | | |
| 6 | | | sample, thereby forming a first complex between the second | | | |
| 7 | | | member bound to the first particle and unbound first member | | | |
| <u></u> ‡± 8 | | | present in said sample; | | | |
| [] 9 | | (c) | providing a second particle bound to the first member; | | | |
| O 9 O 10 O 11 O 12 I 13 | | (d) | reacting the second particle bound to the first member with the | | | |
| 11 | | | sample, thereby forming a second complex between second | | | |
| 1 2 | | | particle bound to the first member and first particle bound to | | | |
| 13 | | | second member which is not already bound to the first member; | | | |
| 14 15 15 16 | | | and | | | |
| i= 15 | | (e) | detecting any second complex formed, wherein the amount of | | | |
| ក្នុ 16 | | | second complex formed is inversely proportional to the amount of | | | |
| [‡] 17 | | | unbound first member is the sample. | | | |
| 1 | 24. | The method o | f claim 23, wherein the first and/or second particle is latex. | | | |
| 1 | 25. | The method of claim 23, wherein the second complex is detected by measuring an | | | | |
| 2 | | increase in the | e turbidity of the sample. | | | |
| 1 | 26. | The method o | of claim 23, wherein the amount of second complex formed is | | | |
| 2 | | quantitated. | | | | |
| 1 | 27. | The method o | of claim 23, wherein the first member is protein S. | | | |
| 1 | 28. | The method o | of claim 23, wherein the second member is C4BP. | | | |
| 1 | 29. | The method o | of claim 23 wherein the sample is selected from the group consisting | | | |
| 2 | | of blood, plas | ma, serum, or an artificially prepared buffer containing the first | | | |
| 3 | | member. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

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|---|----------|---|
| 1 | 30. | A composition for detecting an unbound form of a first member of a binding pair |
| 2 | | comprising a first and second member, each member bindable to the other, the |
| 3 | | composition comprising: |
| 4 | | a first particle bound to the second member; and |
| 5 | | a second particle bound to the first member. |
| 1 | 31. | The composition of claim 30, wherein the first member is protein S and the |
| 2 | | second member is C4BP. |
| 1 | 32. | A method for diagnosing thrombophilia comprising performing the method of |
| 2 | | claim 8, and further comprising comparing the amount of second complex formed |
| 3 | | to the amount of second complex formed in a sample derived from an individual |
| 4 | | without thrombophilia. |
| 1 | 33. | A method for diagnosing thrombophilia comprising performing the method of |
| 2 | | claim 27, and further comprising comparing the amount of second complex |
| 3 | | formed to the amount of second complex formed in a sample derived from an |
| 4 | | individual without thrombophilia. |
| 5 | | |
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